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A possibility of influence factors on winter physical damage of grapevines in a snowy vineyard

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Table S1

Geographical traits of each zone (flat and slope) and Morphological traits of 'Gewürztraminer' and 'Kerner' grapevine in the winery in 2021-2022

Cultivar	Geog	raphical ti	aits	_	Morphological traits								
	Averaged incline (°)			Age (year)	Circumference (mm)						Length of cordon		
					I	Basal trur	sal trunk Cordon		rdon		(mm)		
Gewürztraminer in flat	0.5	(0.3)	b	7	863	(78)		167	(10)		1533	(44)	
Gewürztraminer in slope	9.2	(0.4)	a	7	887	(106)	ns	152	(8)	ns	1350	(76)	ns
Kerner in flat	0.3	(0.3)	b	7	867	(117)		162	(19)		1350	(42)	
P value	0.0000034					0.984 0.630				0.110			

Numbers in parenthesis means S.E.

Different letters represent significance at 5 % levels of Tukey-Kramer's test (n = 3), ns means not significant.

Table S2

Deepest snow depth from 2017 to 2022 in winter near experimental location, Bibai (15 km from Urausu)

Year -			Average from Dec.							
	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	to Mar. (cm) $^{\rm Y}$		
2017-2018	31	100	118	167	136	30	0	130.3	(28.6)	a
2018-2019	25	62	82	104	69	23	0	79.3	(9.2)	bc
2019-2020	22	38	56	63	45	0	0	50.5	(5.6)	c
2020-2021	30	87	129	156	150	33	0	130.5	(15.6)	a
2021-2022	40	89	104	126	100	39	0	104.8	(7.8)	ab

² Japan Meteorological Agency (http://www.jma.go.jp/jma/indexe.html).

 $^{^{}Y}$ Averaged value (standard error) for four months. Different letters represent significance at 5 % levels of Tukey-Kramer's test (n = 4).

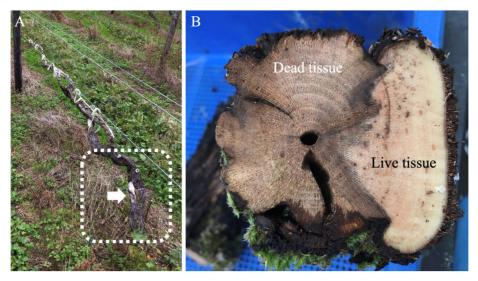


Fig. S1: A: 'Gewürztraminer' has wounded part of grapevine in basal trunk. B: The cross sections of the wounded point of the same grapevine. The section consisted of dead and live tissues.

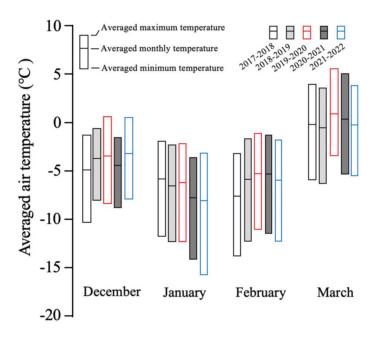


Fig. S2: Transition of averaged air temperature at Bibai (15 km from Urausu experimental location) form December to March in 2017-2022. A bar represents three averaged temperatures (upper: maximum temperature, middle: monthly temperature, bottom: minimum temperature).