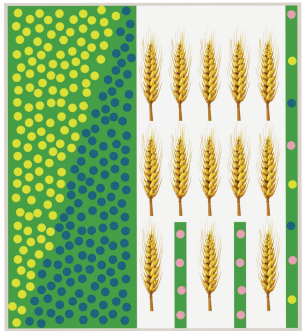




1 Uncropped fields / subfield areas
 natural growth of local vegetation, often grass; included in crop rotation systems and referred to as fallow or set-aside land or remaining for a longer period of time. Other subcategories: Headlands, margins to promote soil health; growth of native plants.



2 Managed fields / subfield areas
 often grown off-season / in winter (e.g., cover crops) to improve soil and plant health (pests, diseases, weed-seed bank suppression). Other subcategories: extensively managed areas often undersown with cover crops. Unharvested cereal areas as refuge for some birds.



3 Managed flower areas
 Subcategories: Strips, margins, subfield areas, patches sown with wildflower, non-native flower seed mixtures, or flowering cover crops to provide animal pollinator conservation and/or crop pollination service delivery if they are pollinator dependent.



4 Managed margins
 Subcategories: Conservation headlands, grass buffer margins to protect and buffer transition to biodiversity-sensitive habitats, e.g., forests and hedges. Extensively cropped margins; vegetated buffer strips to prevent erosion, nutrient losses and input runoff next to water bodies.

1 small, colour dots: native plants; 2 yellow, blue & rose dots: cover crops; 3 big, colour dots: sown flowers; 4 green lines: managed margins